രീവരു 🛮 രീതിയ പ്രാവ്വിഷ് (ഗ്രസ്ത്രവ വക്കിവസ്ത്രിക്കാവുണ്ട് Luga/All Rights Reserved)

இ ஒடை நில අදහර්තමේත්තුව இ ලංකා විභාග අදහර්තමේක් වැඩි කිරීම සැප්තමේක් සැප්තමේක් කිරීම විභාග අදහර්තමේත්තුව இ ලංකා විභාග අදහර්තමේත්තුව இ ලංකා විභාග අදහර්තමේත්තුව இ ලංකා විභාග අදහර්තමේත්තුව ම ලංකා විභාග අදහර්තම්ත්තුව ම ලංකා විභාග අදහර්තම්ත්තිය ම අදහර්තම්ත්තිය විභාග අදහර්තම්තිය විභාග අදහර්තම්ත්තිය විභාග අදහර්තම් විභාග අදහර්තම් විභාග අදහර්තම් විභාග අදහර්තම්ත්තිය විභාග අදහර්තම්ත්තිය විභාග අදහර්තම්ත්තිය විභාග අදහර්තම් විභාග අදහර්තම් විභාග අදහර්තම් විභාග අ

අධානයක ලෙසදු සහතික පසු (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2017 අලගේස්තු <u>கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உபர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2017 ஓகஸ்ர்</u> General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2017

ජීව විදාහව உயிரியல் I **Biology** I



පැය දෙකයි இரண்டு மணித்தியாலம் Two hours

Instructions:

- * Answer all questions.
- * Write your Index Number in the space provided in the answer sheet.
- * Instructions are given on the back of the answer sheet. Follow those carefully.
- * In each of the questions 1 to 50, pick one of the alternatives from (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) which is correct or most appropriate and mark your response on the answer sheet with a cross (x) on the number of the correct option in accordance with the instructions given on the back of the answer sheet.
- 1. The major role of trace elements in living organisms is to act as
 - (1) cofactors of enzymes.
- (2) components of cell structure.
- (3) constituents of hormones.
 - (4) components of chlorophyll.
- (5) reactants in metabolism.
- 2. In eukaryotic cells, in addition to nucleus, DNA is present in
 - (1) ribosomes and centrioles.
- (2) mitochondria and chloroplasts.
- (3) nucleolus and peroxisomes.
- (4) microbodies and Golgi bodies.
- (5) glyoxisomes and endoplasmic reticulum.
- 3. Which of the following is not a function of epithelial tissues?
 - (1) Support
- (2) Transport
- (3) Protection
- (4) Secretion
- (5) Absorption
- 4. Which of the following compounds would yield the maximum amount of energy to a cell by oxidation of one molecule?
 - (1) Citric acid

- (2) Oxaloacetic acid
- (3) NADH

(4) Sucrose

- (5) Pyruvic acid
- 5. Which of the following is not a function of smooth endoplasmic reticulum?
 - (1) Storing of Ca²⁺

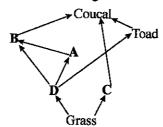
- (2) Packaging of materials
- (3) Synthesis of lipids
- (4) Synthesis of carbohydrates
- (5) Synthesis of proteins
- 6. Which of the following does not occur in the chloroplast during the light reaction of photosynthesis?
 - (1) Release of electrons from photosystems I and II
 - (2) Photorespiration
 - (3) Cyclic photophosphorylation
 - (4) Non-cyclic photophosphorylation
 - (5) Photolysis
- 7. Which of the following is the best combination of cell junction, its location and function?
 - (1) Tight junction, gut epithelium, communication
 - (2) Anchor junction, skin epithelium, preventing leakage
 - (3) Tight junction, gut epithelium, preventing leakage
 - (4) Gap junction, nervous tissue, preventing leakage
 - (5) Anchor junction, skin epithelium, communication
- 8. Which of the following groups contains a genus that has branched lipids in the cell membrane?
 - (1) Lyngbya, Halobacterium, Cycas and Agaricus
 - (2) Clostridium, Streptomyces, Fasciola and Chloroxylon
 - (3) Melursus, Staphylococcus, Allomyces and Garcinia
 - (4) Rhizopus, Hevea, Salmonella and Gelidium
 - (5) Macrognathus, Mucor, Thiobacillus and Caryota

9.	Presence of internal fertilization and a nerve ring, and absence of a larval stage are the features of which of the following animals?
	(1) Arenicola (2) Oecophylla (3) Earthworm (4) Bipalium (5) Spider
10.	When preparing a dichotomous key in the practical class to distinguish scorpion, millipede, cockroach, praw and centipede, which of the following may be least useful? (1) Exoskeleton (2) Antennae (3) Eyes (4) Wings (5) Legs
11.	(1) Exoskeleton (2) Antennae (3) Eyes (4) Wings (5) Legs A genus that does not show heterotrophic nutrition is (1) Plasmodium. (2) Loris. (3) Nitrosomonas. (4) Pleurotus. (5) Chitala.
12.	Which of the following is found both in pancreatic juice and intestinal juice? (1) Amylase (2) Lipase (3) Sucrase (4) Ribonuclease (5) Trypsinogen
13.	Which of the following occurs during inspiration? (1) Relaxation of external intercostal muscles (2) Relaxation of the diaphragm (3) Forward movement of the sternum (4) Increase in the pressure of the pleural cavity (5) Inflow of inter-cellular fluid into alveoli
14.	Which of the following factors least affects the rate of transpiration in plants? (1) Humidity (2) Wind (3) Available water in soil for plants (4) Light (5) Texture of soil
15.	Which of the following statements regarding phloem transport according to pressure-flow hypothesis i correct? (1) Transfer cells secrete sucrose into sieve tubes along a concentration gradient. (2) Pressure inside the sieve tube is greatest at the sink. (3) Mass flow takes place from source to sink along a pressure potential gradient. (4) Phloem transport is a passive process. (5) Water potential in the sieve tube increases due to phloem loading.
16.	 Which of the following statements regarding human blood cells is correct? (1) About 90% of all blood cells are erythrocytes. (2) Basophils are the largest of white blood cells. (3) Neutrophils are the only type of leucocytes which show phagocytosis. (4) Eosinophils are involved in elimination of blood parasites. (5) Lymphocyte count of a normal healthy adult person is 1.5×10⁶ to 3.5×10⁶ per litre of blood.
17.	Select the correct statement regarding the blood circulatory systems of animals. (1) Nematodes and echinoderms do not have blood circulatory systems. (2) Insects and tapeworms possess open blood circulatory systems. (3) Annelids and fishes have closed blood circulatory systems. (4) Chlorocruorin functions as a respiratory pigment in crustaceans. (5) Atrioventricular (AV) node functions as the pacemaker of the human heart.
18.	Which of the following statements regarding the human brain is correct? (1) Corpora quadrigemina is derived from embryonic hind-brain. (2) Pons Varolii regulates breathing rate. (3) Forebrain controls reflex movements of eye muscles. (4) Cerebellum controls sneezing and coughing. (5) Cerebrum is involved in sensory perception of pain.
19.	Select the incorrect statement regarding physiology of neurones. (1) Sodium-potassium pump is essential to maintain resting membrane potential. (2) Resting membrane potential is about -70 mV. (3) Duration of an action potential is about 2 ms. (4) In a myelinated axon, action potential is formed only at the nodes of Ranvier. (5) K ⁺ influx occurs during repolarization phase of the action potential.

- 20. Which of the following statements regarding human calcitonin hormone is incorrect?
 - (1) It is secreted by follicular cells of the thyroid gland.
 - (2) It lowers the blood calcium level.
 - (3) It increases the storage of calcium in bones.
 - (4) It inhibits the reabsorption of calcium in the nephron.
 - (5) Its effects are opposite to those of parathyroid hormone.
- 21. Select the correct statement regarding human hormones.
 - (1) Cholecystokinin acts both on pancreas and liver.
 - (2) Thymus influences the development of B lymphocytes.
 - (3) Glucagon is secreted by β cells of the islets of Langerhans.
 - (4) Aldosterone stimulates the reabsorption of Na+ and K+ in the nephron.
 - (5) ADH acts on distal convoluted tubule and collecting duct of kidney tubules.
- 22. Which of the following statements regarding excretion is incorrect?
 - (1) Excretion is essential to maintain homeostasis.
 - (2) Excretion is the removal of nitrogenous waste from the body.
 - (3) In humans, bile pigments are excreted by kidneys and gut.
 - (4) Nephridia are excretory structures of annelids and molluscs.
 - (5) The first product of nitrogenous excretion in mammals is ammonia.
- 23. Select the correct statement regarding human vertebrae.
 - (1) The body of axis vertebra has a superior process.
 - (2) Atlas vertebra has a rudimentary spinous process.
 - (3) Sacrum is formed of six vertebrae.
 - (4) Thoracic vertebra has a bifid spinous process.
 - (5) Largest vertebral foramen is found in lumbar vertebrae.
- 24. Select the correct statement regarding the menstrual cycle.
 - (1) During the cycle, peak progesterone level is seen 2-3 days prior to menstruation.
 - (2) It is initiated by pituitary hormones.
 - (3) During the cycle, peak FSH level is higher than the peak LH level.
 - (4) The lengths of proliferative phase and secretory phase are the same.
 - (5) Steady decline of oestrogen and progesterone levels leads to menstruation.
- 25. Which of the following statements regarding human fallopian tube is incorrect?
 - (1) It is a duct with a funnel-like opening at the distal end.
 - (2) Its lumen is lined by a ciliated epithelium.
 - (3) It propels ovum from the ovary to uterus.
 - (4) Its secretions nourish both ovum and sperms.
 - (5) Fertilization normally occurs in its lower 1/3 region.
- 26. Select the incorrect statement regarding human epididymis.
 - (1) It is a highly coiled tube.
 - (2) It is connected to the testis and vas deferens.
 - (3) It stores sperms before ejaculation.
 - (4) Within it, sperms acquire the ability to fertilize.
 - (5) Hyperactivation of sperms occurs within it.
- 27. Which of the following statements regarding the development of human foetus and growth of infant is correct?
 - (1) By the end of the third month of pregnancy, heart beat of the foetus can be detected.
 - (2) By the end of the third month of pregnancy, fine hair cover the body of the foetus.
 - (3) Vocalization of an infant usually starts after two months of birth.
 - (4) Infant can sit on its own by the end of three months after birth.
 - (5) By the age of 10 months, infant should be fed on the usual diet of other members of the family.
- 28. Opening of some flowers in the day and closing at night is an example of
 - (1) tactic movement.

- (2) thigmonastic movement.
- (3) nyctinastic movement.
- (4) phototropic movement.
- (5) thigmotropic movement.

- 29. Which of the following statements regarding plant tissue culture is incorrect?
 - (1) Plant tissue culture is the growing of plant tissues in sterile culture media with IAA under in vitro conditions.
 - (2) Many plant cells have the ability to generate a total plant when suitable conditions are provided.
 - (3) Different parts or tissues of a plant can be used as explants to initiate tissue culture.
 - (4) Callus is a mass of undifferentiated and dividing cells produced from the explant in tissue culture.
 - (5) A benefit of tissue culture is producing large number of plants with the same genotype rapidly in a small space.
- 30. Which of the following features is not found in the plant given against it?
 - (1) Horizontally growing underground stem, bearing aerial shoots Solanum
 - (2) Short swollen underground stem growing vertically, bearing aerial shoots Colocasia
 - (3) Lateral branches growing horizontally from axillary buds of the erect stem Centella
 - (4) Axillary buds of the aerial stem growing into small shoots with leaves and separating from main stem to produce new plants Dioscorea
 - (5) Buds arising from vegetative parts other than the stem Bryophyllum
- 31. Restriction endonuclease enzymes are capable of
 - (1) cutting DNA randomly.
 - (2) restricting protein synthesis.
 - (3) cutting DNA at specific base sequences.
 - (4) adding nucleotides to a growing nucleic acid chain.
 - (5) joining DNA molecules.
- 32. A genotype consisting of only one type of alleles for a character is
 - (1) homozygous for that character.
- (2) homogenous for that character.
- (3) heterozygous for that character.
- (4) heterogenous for that character.
- (5) monoallelic for that character.
- 33. Which of the following statements best explains the evolutionary advantage of meiosis?
 - (1) Meiosis is necessary for sexual reproduction.
 - (2) Meiosis contributes to maintain a constant number of chromosomes from generation to generation.
 - (3) Meiosis alternates with mitosis from generation to generation.
 - (4) Due to meiosis same genes are transmitted from generation to generation.
 - (5) Genetic recombinations are possible due to meiosis.
- Question No. 34 is based on the following food web seen in a home garden ecosystem.



- 34. Which of the following statements regarding the above ecosystem is correct?
 - (1) There are two primary consumers and three secondary consumers in this ecosystem.
 - (2) The longest food chain in this ecosystem has four trophic levels.
 - (3) A is a keystone species in this ecosystem.
 - (4) Removing C will reduce the population of coucals.
 - (5) B may be a lizard and C may be a snail.
- 35. Which of the following air pollutants does not affect agricultural production?
 - (1) Carbon dioxide

(2) Carbon monoxide

(3) Sulphur dioxide

- (4) Chlorofluorocarbons
- (5) Oxides of nitrogen
- 36. Which of the following microorganisms is not directly used as food or food supplements?
 - (1) Aspergillus

(2) Agaricus

(3) Lentinus

(4) Pleurotus

(5) Spirulina

(A) H⁺ (C) Creatinine

(E) White blood cells

AL	/2017/09/E-I			- 5'-	<u> </u>
37.	studies? (1) They ca (2) They gr (3) Their re (4) All of the	following statements n be easily grown in now and reproduce rapproductive units are nem are fundamental nuire very little space	n small containe apidly. always identica lly similar in m	ers using simple 1. etabolism.	
38.	(1) Erythron(2) Ciproflox		of synthesis of lof synthesis of lof synthesis of l	bacterial cell wa bacterial DNA bacterial cell me fungal cell memi	lls mbranes
39.	(1) They are(2) They can(3) Protein of(4) They can	following is not re infectious particles a exist and replicate toats give them a clar be transmitted by licate with the help	made up of pr without nucleic haracteristic sym transfusion of c	e acids. metry. contaminated blo-	
40.	(1) Ability to (2) Ability to (3) Ability to (4) Ability to (5) Ability to For each of	If only A, B and If only A, C and If only A and If only C and If only C and If	ody of the host symerase I functions of the functions of the select the code do are corrected are corrected are correct	e host of the respons rrect number.	es is/are correct. Decide which response/
		If any other resp	ponse or combin	nation of respons	ses is correct 5
			Direction	s summarised	
	1	2	3	4	5
	A, B, correct	1	A, B correct.	C, D correct.	Any other response or combination of responses correct.
41.	Seedless vascu (A) Pterophy (C) Conifero (E) Bryophyt	a ohyta	(B) Ly	can be seen in cophyta ycadophyta	which of the following phylum/phyla?
42.	Which of the (A) Chordata (C) Nematod (E) Mammali		(B) A		bony skeleton?
43.	Which of the (A) Thyroid (C) Parathyro (E) Aldostero	gland id gland	(B) H	lood glucose lev ypothalamus lucagon	el of a normal healthy adult person?

44. Which of the following can be present in a urine sample of a normal healthy adult person?

(B) Amino acids
(D) K⁺

- 45. Which of the following statements regarding cardiac muscles is/are correct?
 - (A) They possess intercalated discs.
 - (B) They possess long, cylindrical, branched cells.
 - (C) They have gap junctions.
 - (D) They are myogenic.
 - (E) Each muscle cell consists of one sarcomere.
- 46. Which of the following statements regarding animal skeletons is/are correct?
 - (A) Both the endoskeleton and exoskeleton provide protection.
 - (B) Radiolarians possess endoskeletons.
 - (C) All skeletons store calcium.
 - (D) Hydrostatic skeleton is found in annelids and nematodes.
 - (E) Molluscs have only exoskeletons.
- 47. Which of the following disorders result/results in due to a change in the number of chromosomes?
 - (A) Downs syndrome
- (B) Klinefelter syndrome
- (C) Sickle cell anaemia
- (D) Cystic fibrosis

- (E) Thalassemia
- 48. In meiosis, a daughter cell differs from the mother cell as well as from other daughter cells due to which of the following?
 - (A) Independent assortment
- (B) Crossing-over

(C) Synapsis

- (D) Segregation
- (E) Formation of the spindle
- 49. Some periods of the history of earth and several groups of organisms are given below. During one or more of these periods, at least one of the groups of organisms indicated against it/them was not living. Select that period/periods.
 - (A) Permian period

: conifers, insects, mammals

(B) Triassic period

: reptiles, mammals, modern fish

(C) Cretaceous period

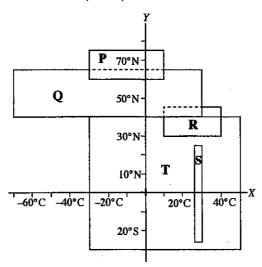
: flowering plants, conifers, dinosaurs

(D) Carboniferous period: gymnosperms, trilobites, amphibians

(E) Cambrian period

: terrestrial plants, crustaceans, molluscs

50. Approximate ranges of temperature (X-axis) of five major terrestrial biomes labelled as P, Q, R, S and T and the latitudes of their distribution (Y-axis) are shown in the following diagram.



Which of the following statements regarding the biomes P, Q, R, S and T is/are correct?

- (A) Dominant plants in biome **Q** are conifers.
- (B) If the annual rainfall is above 1000 mm, biome with the highest biodiversity is S.
- (C) Largest terrestrial biome is T.
- (D) Dominant plants in biome R are small trees and shrubs.
- (E) Longest food chains are found in biome P.

<i>යියලු</i>	Ø	හිමිකම්	<i>മുള്ളൂ / ശ്രശ്ര</i> വ	பதிப்புரிமையுடையது /All Rights Reserved]	

ලි ලංකා විතාග දෙපාර්තමේත්තුව ලි ලංකා විතාග දෙපාර්තමේ**ත්තු ලියිකැවිණීන දෙප්රවේත්තුව නි**ත්ත දෙපාර්තමේත්තුව ලි ලංකා විතාග දෙපාර්තමේත්තුව இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பුද්ධත්ත නිතුකෙන්නොව මුණුස්කනට පුර නිතුකෙන්නෙක්ම இலங்கைப் புரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department o**න්වැඩිකාණය Sri Linka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka** 3 ලංකා විතාග දෙපාර්තමේත්තුව ලි ලංකා විතාග දෙ**පාර්තමේන්තුව ලිංක විතාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ලි ලංකා විතාග** දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව இலங்கைப் பුரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பூட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பூட்சைத் திணைக்களம்

අබනයන මෙසද සහනික පසු (උසස් පෙළ) විශාගය, 2017 අගෝස්තු கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2017 ஓகஸ்ற் General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2017

ජීව විදාහව II உயிரியல் II Biology II

09	$\ \mathbf{E}\ $	[[TT]]
ركتا	رنسار	التسا

ஜக நுනයි மூன்று மணித்தியாலம் **Three hours**

Index No.	:	***************************************	

Instructions:

- * This question paper consists of 10 questions in 09 pages.
- * This question paper comprises Part A and Part B. The time allotted for both parts is three hours.

PART A - Structured Essay (Pages 2-8)

- * Answer all four questions on this paper itself.
- * Write your answers in the space provided for each question. Note that the space provided is sufficient for your answers and extensive answers are not expected.

PART B = Essay (Page 9)

- * Answer four questions only. Use the papers supplied for this purpose. At the end of the time allotted for this paper, before handing over to the supervisor tie the two parts together so that Part A is on the top of Part B.
- st You are permitted to remove only Part **B** of the question paper from the examination hall.

For Examiners' Use Only

Part	Question No.	Marks
	1	
A	2	
	3	
	4	
	5	
	6	
В	7	
_ [8	
	9	
	10	
Total		
Percentag	e	

Final Marks

In Numbers			
In Letters		<u>-</u>	

Code Numbers

_

Part A - Structured Essay Answer all questions on this paper itself. (Each question carries 10 marks.)

Do not write in this column

1. (A)	(i)	What are th	e main functio	ns of water in	ı living organi	sms other tha	an being a s	olvent?
							•••••	
		**********	******		•			
	(ii)	important fo	any properties or aquatic organ perties with a	nisms. State th	iree such proj			
		_	-		-			:
		(a) Property	'i : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	******************			**************	***********
		Role:	*******	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	
			******			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
		Exampl	e:				•••••••	
		(b) Property	r:					
		Role:	******	•••••••				
			******			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
		Exampl	:					
		(c) Property	<i>'</i> :		•••••			
		Role:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••			

		Exampl	e:		······································		*************	
(B)	(i)	State the th	ree concepts of	f cell theory.				
·		**********		*******				
	(ii)	What are th	e internal struc	ctural features	of eukaryotic	cells that are	different fro	om those of
		prokaryotic	cells?					
					•••••			
÷						······		
			*******		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
		***************************************		************	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
•								

- 3 -

	(iii)	A student was provided with an epidermal peel of onion mounted on a glass slide and a light microscope. State in correct sequence, the steps that should be followed to observe the shape of onion epidermal cells under the light microscope.	write in this column
			
	-		
(C)	(i)	Some structures that can be seen in molluscs are given below.	
` ,	• • •	(a) Head (b) Suckers (c) Two pairs of tentacles	
		(d) Shell (e) Laterally flattened body	
		Using the relevant letters, indicate which of the above structures are present in each of the following animals.	
		Slug:	
		Mussel:	
		Chiton:	
		Octopus:	
	(ii)	State two features seen in a heterocercal caudal fin that could be used to distinguish it from a homocercal caudal fin.	
	(iii)	What is a nictitating membrane?	
•	C		
٠	(1V)	(a) Name an amphibian which has a long tail during the adult stage.	
		(b) State a major external feature of the animal named in (a) above which can be used to distinguish it from a lizard.	
	(v)	State a genus of an amphibian which does not have less their the state.	\bigcirc
	(4)	State a genus of an amphibian which does not have legs during the adult stage.	
			İ

2. (A)	(i)	that	te three main features that can be seen in a cross section of the human large intestine t can be used to distinguish it from a cross section of the human small intestine, when served under the low power of a light microscope.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
		••••		
		••••		
	(ii)	Stat	te two major functions of HCl in the gastric juice.	
	(iii)	Nan	me three hormones that influence selective reabsorption of ions in the human kidney.	
	(iv)	(a)	Name an ion which is both reabsorbed and secreted in the human nephron.	
		(b)	Name an ion which is reabsorbed in the human nephron both by active and passive mechanisms.	
	(v)	Wha	at is the major constituent of renal calculi?	
(B)	(i)	(a)	What is the overall function of the nervous system?	
		(b)	State three features of dendrites that are different from those of axons.	
	(ii)	(a)	What is a nerve impulse?	
		(b)	State two factors that affect the speed of conduction of a nerve impulse along an axon.	
			·····	

	(iii)	(a)	Name two inhibitory hormones secreted by human hypothalamus.	
		(b)	What are the functions carried out by human hypothalamus other than the secretion of hormones?	
	Gu)	In u	which lobe of the human carabrum is the auditory sangary area located?	
	(17)	III n	which lobe of the human cerebrum, is the auditory sensory area located?	
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1

	(v)) (a)) What is a trophic hormone?	wi
		(b)	Name the hormone that stimulates the secretion of gastric juice.	co
(C) (i)) (a)	What is the overall function of the human blood circulatory system?	
		(b)	What is the most abundant plasma protein in man?	
	(ii)	(a)	What is meant by cardiac cycle?	
		(b)	State three factors responsible for maintaining blood pressure of humans within the normal range.	
	, (iii)	Nor	no o mbulum houing tainlylastic acts to the control of the control	
	(111)		ne a phylum having triploblastic animals without a blood circulatory system.	
	(iv)	(a)	What happens to the water potential when solutes dissolve in water?	
		(b)	What is turgor pressure?	
	(v)	(a)	What is plasmolysis?	ľ
		(b)	How much is the pressure potential of a plant cell at incipient plasmolysis?	
		(c)	State whether the water potential is higher than, lower than or equal to solute potential at incipient plasmolysis of a plant cell.	
3. (A) (i)	(a)	State the two ways by which the most amount of carbon dioxide is transported in human blood.	
		(b)	Where is the respiration control centre located in the human brain?	
	(ii)	Wh	at is locomotion?	
	(iii)	(a)	State two features that are common to all three types of muscle fibres.	

		(b)	State two features of skeletal muscle fibres which are absent in cardiac and smooth muscle fibres.	Do not write in this column
	(iv)	(a)	What structural arrangement permits the movement of the human upper arm over a wide range?	
		(b)	State two features seen in the human upper limb that help in weight lifting.	

			Contract Con	
		(c)	State two features seen in the human lower limb that contribute to erect posture.	
	(v)	Stat	e a disadvantage of hydrostatic skeleton.	
		••••		
(B)	(i)	Nan	ne a living plant tissue that provides support.	
	(ii)		the two main substances that are present in the cell walls of the tissue named in (i) above or than cellulose.	
	40.00			İ
	(111)	Wh	at is parthenocarpy?	
	(iv)		at is parthenogenesis in plants?	
	(v)		efly describe seed germination.	
	(.)			
		••••		
		••••		
		••••		
(C)	(i)	(a)	What are the life spans of the human sperm and human ovum?	
			Sperm: Ovum:	
		(b)	At what stage of human spermatogenesis and oogenesis the second meiotic division occurs?	
			Spermatogenesis:	
			Oogenesis:	
	(ii)	(a)	What is the role of inhibin in human spermatogenesis?	
		(b)	What is acrosome reaction of a sperm?	
		ž		

	(iii) (a)) What is ovulation?	write in this
		(b)) What hormone triggers ovulation?	column
:	(iv) W h	nere are the sperm receptors of the human ovum located?	
	(v)) (a)	State two functions of oestrogen.	
		(b)	Name a hormone secreted by the human placenta which suppresses myometrial contractions.	
		(c)	What is the role of oxytocin in parturition?	
4. (A)	(i)	(a)	What is a test cross?	
		(b)	What is the purpose of carrying out a test cross?	
	(ii)	(a)	What is a back cross?	
•		(b)	What is the purpose of carrying out a back cross?	
	(iii)	At w	vhat condition, a back cross becomes similar to a test cross?	
	(iv)	Wha	t is denoted by each of the following symbols in a human pedigree chart?	
] :	
		4		}
	(v)	∟ Ape	edigree chart of a human family where some members show a genetic disorder is given	
		belov	v.	
		(a) S	State whether the following statement regarding the above inheritance is correct (1) or incorrect (x).	
			The above character is inherited in an autosomal dominant manner."	
		(b) (Using 'A' for the dominant allele and 'a' for the recessive allele, state the possible genotype of each of the individuals labelled as 1 - 5 in the above pedigree chart.	
		1	:	

(B)	(i)	State the organizational levels of the environment in correct order.	write in this
			colum
	(ii)	(a) What is an extinct species?	
		(b) Give an example for an extinct bird.	
		(b) Give an example for an example such	
	(iii)	What are the major objectives of Biodiversity Convention?	
	(iv)	(a) State four main human activities that contribute to desertification.	
		(b) State three major impacts of desertification on humans.	
		<u></u>	
(C)	(i)	State the source of carbon and source of energy of each of the following nutritional types seen among microorganisms.	
		book among menong-	
		Nutritional type Source of carbon Source of energy	:
		Nutritional type Source of carbon Source of energy	
		Nutritional type Source of carbon Source of energy Chemoautotrophic	
		Nutritional type Source of carbon Source of energy Chemoautotrophic Chemoheterotrophic	
	(ii)	Nutritional type Source of carbon Source of energy Chemoautotrophic Chemoheterotrophic Photoautotrophic	
	(ii)	Nutritional type Source of carbon Source of energy Chemoautotrophic Chemoheterotrophic Photoautotrophic Photoheterotrophic A student was provided with a clean dry Petri dish. How should it be sterilized to be used	
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	(iii)	Nutritional type Source of carbon Source of energy Chemoautotrophic Chemoheterotrophic Photoautotrophic A student was provided with a clean dry Petri dish. How should it be sterilized to be used in a microbiological experiment? State two features of the toxin produced by Clostridium tetani. Name an enzyme which is industrially produced using Aspergillus oryzae.	

രായ്യ ഉള്മാർ സുവായ വളിവ്വ്യിക്കാന് വളി വളി വരുന്നു വളി വരുന്നു വളി വരുന്നു വര

இ ලංකා විතාන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ලී ලංකා විතාන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවල් සහ පිරාවිත් සහ සහ පදහර්තමේන්තුව ලී ලංකා විතාන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ඉතාන්තයේ பුර්දියාපෑ නිකාශ්සයක් මුතන්තයේ පුරු නැති නිකාශ්සයක් පිරිදු විතාශ්සයක් ප්රධාන නිකාශ්සයක් මුතන්තයේ ප්රධාන දැන්වීම් සහ ප්රධාන ප්රධාන දැන්වීම් සහ ප්රධාන ප්රධාන දැන්වීම් සහ ප්රධාන ප්රධ

අධානයන පෞදු සහනික පනු (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2017 අගෝස්තු கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2017 ஓகஸ்ந் General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2017

ජීව විදාහාව II உயிரியல் II Biology II



Part B - Essay

Instructions:

- * Answer four questions only.

 Give clear labelled diagrams where necessary.

 (Each question carries 15 marks.)
- 5. (a) Explain the mechanism of action of enzymes.
 - (b) Describe the enzymatic reactions of making the first stable product in C₃ and C₄ plants during CO₂ fixation.
 - (c) Explain how C₄ plants are more efficient than C₃ plants in CO₂ fixation.
- 6. (a) What is transpiration?
 - (b) State how different external factors affect the rate of transpiration.
 - (c) Describe how an experimental set-up is arranged to determine the rate of transpiration using a potometer.
- 7. (a) Describe the location of the human testes.
 - (b) Briefly describe the structure of the human testes.
 - (c) Briefly explain the process of spermatogenesis in man.
- 8. Describe the traditional selective breeding techniques that are used by man in agriculture.
- 9. (a) Giving suitable examples, describe the different types of natural resources.
 - (b) Explain the sustainable use of natural resources.
- 10. Write short notes on the following.
 - (a) Human vertebral column
 - (b) Invasive species
 - (c) Cyanobacteria

